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No. 23]

NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1973 (JYAISTHA 19, 1895)

इस काम में चिक्र पृष्ठ संस्था दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके (Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation)

# भाग III—खण्ड 2 PART III—SECTION 2

पेटेन्ट कार्यालय द्वारा जारी की गई पेटेन्टों और डिजाइमों से सम्बन्धित अधिसुखनाएं और मोटिस

# Notifications and Notices issued by the Patent Office relating to Patents and Designs

#### THE PATENT OFFICE

#### Patents and Designs

Calcutta, the 9th June 1973

The dates shown in crescent brackets are the dates claimed under Section 135 of the Act.

# Application for Patents Filed at the Hend Office 19th May 1973

- 1172/Cal/73, Council of Scientific and Industrial Research. A process for the preparation of liumidity detector tube.
- 1173/Cal/73. Council of Scientific and Industrial Research. A new flake ice maker.
- 1174/Cal/73. I. S. F. S. p. A. Thioamides of 4-substituted syringic acid.
- 1175/Cal/73. I. S. F. S. p. A. Derivatives of dexa-and beta-methasone, their production and use.
- 1176/Cal/73. I. S. F. S. p. A. New anti-hypertansive compounds having a high therapeutic index and a long-term hypotensive effect.
- 1177/Cal/73. Farbwerke Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft vormals Meister Lucius & Bruning. Pesticidal compositions.
- 1178/Cal/73. Kamyr, Inc., Method and apparatus for cellulose digesting.
- 1179/Cal/73. The Lucas Electrical Company Limited. A housing for a road vehicle lamp. (20th May 1972) (7th Nov. 1972).
  - 80/Cal/73. Nippon Hoso Kyokai, Microwave circuits. 21st May 1973
- 1181/Cal/73. Automated Construction Industries, Inc.
  Method for joining elements of a plastic structure.

- 1182/Cal/73. Automated Construction Industries, Inc.
  Integral building structure using members of hardened polyester outer skins and interiors of foamed polyurethane.
- 1183/Cal/73. Automated Construction Industries,, Inc. Fabrication of structural members.
- 1184/Cal/73. Rotaflex (Great Britain) Limited. Spotlights. (22nd May 1972).
- 1185/Cal/73. E. R. Squibb & Sons, Inc. 7-(D-alpha -amino-1, 4-cyclohexadien-1-ylacetamido) ce-sacetoxycephalosporanic acid dihydrate.
- 1186/Cal/73. Tavkozlesi Kutato Intezet. High-frequency mixer circuit.
- 1187/Cal/73. Tavkozlesi Kutato Intezet. Vhf phase modulator for microwave telecommunication equipment.
- 1188/Cal/73. Siemens Aktiengesellschaft. Improvements in or relating to temparature of control system.

#### 22nd May 1973

- 1189/Cal/73. Clin-Midy formerly known as Establissements clin-Byla. Preparation of a benzodiazepine. [Divisional date 14th June 1965].
- 1190/Cal/73. Dunlop Limited Improvements in or relating to pneumatic tyres and methods of manufacture thereof. (23rd May 1972).
- 1191/Cal/73. Improved Machinery, Inc. Apparatus for the gaseous reaction of material.
- 1192/Cal/73. Societe Nationale Des Poudres Et Explosifs. Device for machining the inside of hoops by spraying abrasive and by direct contact.
- 1193/Cal/73. General Electric Company. Neutron detector system.

97GI/73 (263)

- 1194/Cal/73. Siemens Aktiengesellschaft. A.C. switching magnet having a short-circuiting ring.
- 1195/Cal/73. E. Y. Pneva, L. P. Seljutina, L. E. Makkaveeva, A. E. Krokhmaljuk, L. Y. Dmitrieva, T. P. Glazman, J. M. Klinaev, O. A. Kyakk, I. V. Kulchitskaya, N. G. Dunets, T. T. Kovalskaya, V. I. Shivarov, T. G. Shkurkin, T. V. Shpeier, A process for the production of hydrogen peroxide.
- 1196/Cal/73. Beecham Group Limited. Anti-allergic pharmaceutical compositions.
- 1197/Cal/73. Cassella Farbwerke Mainkur Aktiengesellschaft. Derivatives of 1-phenoxy-3-aminopropane-2-ol and process for their production.
- 1198/Cal/73. Chinoin Gyogyszer-Es Vegyeszeti Termekek Gyara Rt., A new hormone process for the preparation thereof.
- 1199/Cal/73. Chinoin Gyogyszer-Es Vegyeszeti Termekek Gyara Rt., New metabolic compositions.
- 1200/Cal/73. Chinoin Gyogyszer Es Vegveszeti Termekek Gyara Rt., new 1, 3-diphenyl propanone-1-derivatives and the salts thereof and sweetening agents containing same.
- 1201/Cal/73. Chinoin Gyogyszer es Vegyeszeti Termekek Gyara Rt., New 3, 1-benzoxazine-4-onederivatives and process for the preparation thereof.
- 1202/Cal/73. Chinoin Gyogyszer es Vegyeszeti Termekek Gyara Rt., Fungicidal composition and process for the preparation of the active ingredient.
- 1203/Cal/73. Chinoin Gyogyszer es Vegyeszeti Termekek Gyara Rt., New Theophylline isobutyrate salts and process for the preparation thereof.
- 1204/Cal/73. Chinoin Gyogyszer es Vegyeszeti Termekek Gyara Rt., Method for the manufacture of vibriocide compositions.
- 1205/Cal/73. Anthony McNamee and John Ferguson. Compressible and expansible chambers.
- 1206/Cal/73. Leningradskoe Elektromashinostroitelnoe Obiedinenie "Elektrosila" imeni S. M. Kirova. Rotor winding directly cooled by liquid for use in non-solient pole synchronous machine.

#### 23rd May 1973

- 1207/C 1/73. Westinghouse Electric Corporation. Thrust bearing assembly.
- 1208/Cal/73. K. M. De Haai. Wire stretcher.
- 1209/Cal/73. Thomson-CSF. Short-range transceiver. (12th December 1972).
- 1210/Cal/73. Industrie Pirelli SpA. Pneumatic tyre and wheel assemblies.
- 1211/Cal/73. Etat Francais. Improvements in or relating to pyrotechnic devices, especially for small caliber cartridges, with mechanical percussion primers, and means for their manufacture
- 1212/Cal/73. Roy J. Weikert. Filling and sealing system.
- 1213/Cal/73. United States Filter Corporation. Wet electrostatic precipitators.
- 1214/Cal/73. Stanadyne, Inc. Fuel injector.
- 1215/Cal/73. Stanadyne, Inc. Fuel pump and drive therefor.
- 1216/Cal/73. Stanadyne, Inc. Fuel injection pump and automatic timing means therefor.

1217/Cal/73. Bunker Ramo Corporation. Electrical connector for transistor outline semiconductor device.

## 24th May 1973

- 1218/Cal/73. Johns-Manville Corporation. Method of producing shaped hydrated calcium silicate products.
- 1219/Cal/73. Pilkington Brothers Limited. Improvements in or relating to glass manufacturing methods. (5th June 1972).
- 1220/Cal/73. Stein Surface. Improvements in or relating to furnace.
- 1221/Cal/73. National Research Development Corporation. Improvements relating to insecticides. (25th May 1972).
- 1222/Cal/73. Pavement Systems, Inc. Process and apparatus for making asphalt paving compositions.
- 1223/Cal/73. Humes Limited. Improvements in the manufacture of pipes. (25th May 1972).
- 1224/Cal/73. Lucas Aerospace Limited. Generator control circuits. (25th May 1972).
- 1225/Cal/73. Arvind Kumar. Conditioned blankets. 25th May 1973
- 1226/Cal/73. Gib Precision Limited. A new or improved overload clutch. (26th May 1972).
- 1227/Cal/73. Solvay & Cie. Process for the polymerisation of olefines.
- 1228/Cal/73. Universal Oil Products Company. Fluidized catalyst regeneration process.
- 1229/Cal/73. Rohm and Haas Company. Phosphonoureido compounds.
- 1230/Cal/73. The Carborundum Company. Refractory moldable insulation.
- 1231/Cal/73. Bunker Ramo Corporation. Electrical connector and contact.
- 1232/Cal/73. Orissa Industries Limited. High alumina refractories.
- 1233/Cal/73. Union Carbide India Limited. Improvements in or relating to process for the manufacture of sorbic acid and its alkali metal salts.

#### Alteration of Date

135373 (406/1972). Ante-dated to 16th February 1971.

#### Complete Specifications Accepted

Notice is hereby given that any person interested in opposing the grant of patents on any of the applications concerned, may, at any time within four months of the date of this issue or within such further period not exceeding one month applied for on Form 14 prescribed under the Patents Rules, 1972 before the expiry of the said period of four months, give notice to the Controller of Patents on the prescribed Form 15, of such opposition. The written statement of opposition should be filed along with the said notice or within one month of its date as prescribed in Rule 36 of the Patents Rules, 1972.

A limited number of printed copies of the specifications listed below will be available for sale from the Government of India Book Depot, 8, Kiran Sankar Roy Road, Calcutta, in due course. The price of each specification is Rs. 2 (postage extra if sent out of India). Requisition for the supply of the printed specifications should be accompanied by the number of the specifications as shown in the following list,

Typed or photo copies of the specifications together with photo copies of the drawings, if any, can be supplied by the Patent Office, Calcutta on payment of the prescribed copying charges which may be ascertained on application to that office.

CLASS 32-F-2(b), 60-X-2(a).

101087.

PROCESS FOR PREPARING 2-NITRO-IMIDAZOLE DERIVATIVES.

LEPETIT S.p.A., OF VIA ROBERTO LEPETIT 8, MILAN, ITALY.

Application No. 101087 filed August 11, 1965.

Convention date August 12, 1964 (32843/64) U.K.

#### 2 Claims

A process for preparing a 2-nitroimidazole of the formula shown in Fig-1 of the accompanying drawings, wherein R is a member of the class consisting of hydrogen and lower alkyl groups of 1-8 carbon atoms, R' is a member of the class consisting of lower alkyl groups of 1-8 carbon agoms, n is an integer from 0 to 2, which comprises contacting a 2-amino-imidazole of the formula shown in Fig. 2 of the drawings, with about an equimolecular amount of an alkali metal nitrite in concentrated fluoboric acid and treating the resulting solution with an excess over an equimolecular amount of an alkali metal nitrite in water in the presence of copper power as the catalyst.

CLASS-F-2(a), 60-X-2(a).

113017.

NOVEL DERIVATIVES OF RIFAMYCINS AND PROCESS FOR PREPARING THE SAME.

LEPETIT S.P.A.—GRUPPO PER LA RICERCA SCIENTIFICA E LA PRODUZIONE CHIMICA FORMACEUTICA, 8, VIA ROBERTO LEPETIT, MILLANO, ITALY AND CIBA LIMITED, OF 141 KLYBECKSTRASSE, BASLE, SWITZERLAND.

Application No. 113017 filed November 2, 1967.

Convention date November 3, 1966 (49389/66) U.K.

#### 16 Claims

A process for preparing 25-desacetyl derivatives of rifamycins comprising rifamycin B, O, S, SV and derivatives of the said refamycin B, O, S, SV, consisting in subjecting the selected rifamycin to alkaline hydrolysis in a solvent and optionally converting the obtained 25-desacetyl derivatives of rifamycin S and SV into each other by means respectively of a reducing or oxidizing agent such as ascorbic acid or potassium ferricyanide.

CLASS 32-F-1, 60-X-2b.

114850

PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF 7-CHLORO-1-METHYL-5-PHENYL-1, 4-3H-BENZODIA-ZEPIN 2(1H)-ONE CHLORAL HYDRATE.

DELMAR CHEMICALS LIMITED, OF 9321 AIRLIE STREET, LASALLE, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, CANADA.

Application No. 114850 filed March 5, 1968.

#### 8 Claims

A process for the production of a chemical substance having a molecular formula of  $C_{18}H_{16}Cl_4N_2O_8$ , and being further characterized by a melting point of about  $110^{\circ}C$  to  $118^{\circ}C$  and by infra-red absorption bands at about 3430 and 1670 cm<sup>-1</sup>, which comprises reacting 7-chloro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-1, 4-3H-benzodiazepin-2(1H)-one and chloral hydrate.

CLASS 32-F-2(a), 32-F-2(b), 60-X-2(d). 129188.

A PROCESS FOR THE SYNTHESIS OF 2, 2-DIAL-KYL, 3, 4-DIPHENYL-CHROMENES.

COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, RAFI MARG, NEW DELHI-1, INDIA.

Application No. 129188 filed November 12, 1970.

#### 1 Claim

A process for the preparation of 2, 2-dialkyl 3, 4-diphenylchromenes, illustrated in the drawing by the preparation of 2, 2-dimethyl-3-phenyl-4-p-( $\beta$ -pyrrolidinoethoxy) phenyl-7-methoxychromene (5) (chart 1, R—Me), in which 3-phenyl-4-p-hydroxyphenyl-7-methoxycoumarin (3) is first treated with 1-6 moles of methyl magnesium iodide and the reaction mixture decomposed with dilute mineral acid, such as HCl, to give 2, 2-dimethyl-3-phenyl-4-p-hydroxyphenyl-7-methoxychromene, followed by O-alkylation by treatment with  $\beta$ -chloroethyl-pyrrolidine in a ketonic solvent, such as acetone, in presence of an acid binding agent such as potassium carbonate.

CLASS 32-F-2-(C), 60-X-2-d.

129418.

PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF BIGUANIDES.

FARBWERKE HOECHST AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT VORMALS MEISTER LUCIUS & BRUNING, OF 45, BRUNINGSTRASSE, FRANKFURT/MAIN, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY.

Application No. 129418 filed November 27, 1970.

#### 3 Claims—No drawlngs

A process for the manufacture of a biguanide which comprises reacting a mineral acid salt of an amidinothio-urea with ammonia and a mineral acid salt thereof an an aqueous solution in the presence of lead-(II) oxide or mercurry-(II) oxide.

CLASS 132-B-1.

129760.

AN APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR CONTINUOUS PRODUCTION OF BULGUR.

FISHER FLOURING MILLS CO., 3235—16TH AVENUE SOUTHWEST SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, U.S.A. 98124.

Application No. 129760 filed December 28, 1970.

#### 20 Claims

A blending apparatus for blending particulate solids for example wheat which comprises means providing a discharge passageway for blended particulate solid; blending means for introducing segregated streams of said solids into the discharge passageway and combining these solids into a common stream in the passageway at a point of combination; said passageway having an elongated section of at least a minimum length and of substantially uniform cross-sectional area commencing at said point of combination and extending downstream from said point of combination, said minimum length being greater than the distance between the downstream outlet 'from said elongated section and the critical point upstream at which particle flow begins to be non-uniform across the clongated section as a result of flow through said elongated being restricted downstream to a rate less than the combined maximum flow rates of the segregated streams.

CLASS 40-B-3.

130178.

IMPROVEMENTS RELATING TO THE TREATMENT OF KARANJA OIL.

HINDUSTAN LEVER LIMITED, AT HINDUSTAN LEVER HOUSE, 165-166, BACKBAY RECLAMATION, BOMBAY 20, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

Application No. 130178 filed February 4, 1971.

#### 2 Claims-No drawings

A method of refining karanja oil which comprises sulphonating the unsaponifiable content of the oil by treatment with sulphuric acid of concentration between 90 and 100% without charring the oil, thereby converting the unsaponifiable material into a form in which it is no longer soluble in the oil, removing the sulphonation products deposited and neutralising the light coloured oil by treatment with alcoholic alkali, followed by treatment with activated carbon and/or bleaching earth.

CLASS B-163.

130278

ROTARY INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE
HEMANT PATEL, OF TARU MOTORS, ASHRAM
ROAD, AHMEDABAD-9, STATE OF GUJARAT,
INDIA

Application No. 130278, filed February 16, 1971.

#### 8 Claims

A rotary internal combustion engine comprising a rotor body having three apexes equally spaced from each other, said rotor body adapted to rotate within a stationary housing and comprising a rotor housing consisting of two end plates with an inter connecting member therebetween, a rotor ring spaced from said end plates and held to said housing, an eccentric mounted on a shaft and disposed within said ring, a balance ring held to one side of said rotor ring, a gear held to said rotor ring on the other side thereof, an off set side bearing plate held on either sides of said ring to said eccentric and a threaded seal ring provided on both sides of said ring and held to the respective end plates.

CLASS 140-B-2, 40-F.

130396

DISTILLATION APPARATUS FOR ATTAR AND PERFUMED WATER

COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH. RAFI MARG, NEW DELHI-1, INDIA.

Application No. 130396 filed February 26, 1971.

#### 1 Claim

An apparatus for distillation of attar and perfumed water from flowers, fruits, leaves, roots, stem wood of aromatic plants, comprising (i) a distillation flask for charging plant material, consisting of flowers, fruits, leaves, roots, stem wood of aromatic plants, and (ii) a main body which is connected at the bottom to the distillation flask and at the top to a double walled condensor and consisting of two side-tubes, a central condensor having an inner graduated tube, a siphon arrangement at the bottom of the inner tube, the siphon arrangement is for perfumed water, a draining tube with a stopcock for oil, whereby the distillate after condensation of vapours from the double walled condensor is collected and cooled in the central condensor, a receiver for collecting the water siphoned out by the siphon, and a draining arrangement through which oil is drained and collected separately.

CLASS 160-A.

130426

IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO SPARE-WHEEL CARRIERS FOR VEHICLES

WHEEL CARRIER HOLDINGS (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED, OF 206 MARITIME HOUSE,

I OVEDAY STREET, JOHANNESBURG, TRANS-VAAL, REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA. Application No. 130426 filed March 1, 1971. 6 Claims

A vehicle spare wheel carrier comprising a tody having means whereby it can be mounted in a suitable position on the chassis of a vehicle, a fixed hook member on the body, a movable hook member on the body guided for rectilinear movement towards and away from the fixed hook member, means biasing the movable hook member away from the fixed hook member, and handle means on the movable hook member terminating at a point remote from the movable hook member, the two hook members being so located that the periphery of the central opening of a vehicle wheel can be engaged with the fixed hook member and the wheel can then be pivotted about the fixed hook member until the periphery of the central opening of the wheel is engaged by the movable hook member.

CLASS 129-JA.

130493

MANUFACTURE OF DRILL RODS
THE INDIAN MECHANISATION & ALLIED
PRODUCTS LTD., 6, HASTINGS STREET,
CALCUTTA-1, WEST BENGAL, INDIA.

Application No. 130493 filed March 5, 1971.

4 Claims—No drawings

A method of making drill rods from carbon steel, comprising rolling or forging a carbon steel bar to acquire a diamond or turbine cross-section using suitably designed rolls or dies, the projections or ribs so formed extending longitudinally along the axis of the bar, fixing one end of the so formed bar and twisting the opposite end of the bar to the desired pitch, followed by heat treating the so twisted bar, then cutting the bar into rods of desired length/s and finishing them by forming the ends thereof to conform to drill rods.

CLASS 104-P, 104-F.

130558

VULCANIZABLE RUBBER CONTAINING RETARDER FOR INHIBITING PREMATURE VULCANIZATION.

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AT 1144 EAST MARKET STREET, AKRON, OHIO, U.S.A.

Application No. 130558 filed March 16, 1971.

15 Claims—No drawings.

A vulcanizable rubber containing in an amount effective to inhibit premature vulcanization at least one retarder selected from the group consisting of compounds having the following structural formulae.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
R - SO_2 - N & R^1 \\
S & & \\
R^2 & & 
\end{array}$$
(I)

and

wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are selected from the group consisting of substituted and unsubstituted, saturated and unsaturated hydro-carbon radicals containing 1 to 20 carbons atoms, wherein R is selected from the group consisting of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$  and  $R^4$ 



wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> can be joined through a member of the group consisting of —CH<sub>0</sub>—, —O—, NH—and—S—to constitute with the

nitrogen atom a heterocyclic radical, and wherein R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of substituted and unsubstituted, saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbon radicals containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms and wherein R and R<sup>1</sup> can be joined through a —CH<sub>2</sub>—group to constitute with the —SO<sub>2</sub>—N— group a heterocyclic radical.

CLASS 42-D.

130625.

IMPROVED SMOKING MIXTURE AND A METHOD OF PRODUCING THE SAME.

IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES LIMITED, OF IMPERIAL CHEMICAL HOUSE, MILLBANK, LONDON, S.W. J., ENGLAND.

Application No. 130625 filed March 18, 1971. Convention dated March 23, 1970 (13860/70) U.K.

26 Claims-No drawings.

A smoking mixture comprising a solid organic combustible material as smoke producing fuel, a film-forming agent or binder, and a harmless inorganic filler, said filler being present in a proportion of 40 to 65% by weight of the mixture and the combination of cations and anions in the filler being such as to impart a commercially acceptable burning rate to the mixture.

CLASS 9-D.

130652

#### A METHOD OF MAKING RAIL STEEL.

BRITISH STEEL CORPORATION, OF 33 GROSVENOR PLACE, LONDON S. W. 1., AND BRITISH RAILWAYS BOARD, OF 222 MARYLEBONE ROAD, LONDON N. W. 1., ENGLAND.

Application No. 130652 filed March 20, 1971.

Convention dated March 20, 1970 (13487/70) U.K.

25 Claims-No drawings.

A method of making a steel rail section which comprises hot rolling into a rail section steel containing a grain refining element and a hardening element and subjecting the rail section so formed to a fine graning process comprising either normalising or a controlled rolling process, as herein defined, to produce in the steel a ferrite grain structure finer than ASTM 8.

CLASS 24-B, 127-A.

130769.

#### PRODUCTION OF FRICTION MATERIALS.

ABEX CORPORATION, OF 530 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, NEW YORK, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Application No. 130769 filed March 29, 1971.

#### 2 Claims.

A method of producing triction elements composed of fillers including at least about five percent by weight of asbestos fibres bonded by a thermosetting resin, said method comprising the step of pressing the solvent free mixture at room temperature within a mold conforming the geometry of the friction element to be produced, and the step of subsequently heat curing the article outside the mold without further pressure application to densify or cure the article, characterized in that the mixture initially is subjected to a predetermined amount of constant pressure, which is only a fraction of the final pressure, and for a time sufficient to expel substantially all the air trapped in the mixture, and in that in a subsequent second step a pressure is applied which gradually increases to the final value determined as that producing the desired density of the mixture, whereupon the heat curing is carried out outside of the mold.

CLASS 32-F-1, 32-F-2(a), 55-D-2.

130814.

PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF NOVEL 3-(2-PHENYLISOPROPYL) UREA DERIVATIVES.

SHOWA DENKO K. K., OF 34, SHIBA-MIYAMOTO-CHO, MINATO-KU, TOKYO, JAPAN.

Application No. 130814 filed April 1, 1971.

#### 1 Claims.

A process for the preparation of a compound of the general formula shown in Fig. 1 of the accompanying drawings, wherein Z is a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group  $R_1$  is a hydrogen atom and  $R_2$  is a lower alkyl group or a pheny group, which may have one or two lower alkyl, as benzene substituent, wherein a compound of the general formula 1 shown in Fig. 2 of the drawings, wherein Z is as defined above, is reacted with the compound of the general formula  $R_2NCO$  wherein  $R_2$  is as defined above.

CLASS 155-D, 90-1, 34-A, 48-C, 48-D-1.

130993.

GLASS REINFORCED POLYMER COMPOSITES.

IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES LIMITED, OF IMPERIAL CHEMICAL HOUSE, MILLBANK, LONDON, S. W. J., ENGLAND.

Application No. 130993 filed April 16, 1971.

Convention date April 17, 1970 (18481/70) U.K.

20 Claims—No drawings,

A process for the production of a composite material or article as herein described in which an inorganic glass as herein described having a transformation temperature (as herein defined) in the rang of 100°C to 400°C is added to an organic thermoplastic polymer as herein described and the product is subject to a deformation process as herein described at a temperature at which both polymer and glass are deformable without tracture to form a two phase system.

CLASS 55-D-2, 60-X-1.

131248.

SOIL FUNGICIDE.
SANKYO COMPANY LIMITED, 1-6, 3 CHOME,
NIHONBASHI HONCHO, CHOU KU, TOKYO,
JAPAN.

Application No. 131248 filed May 5, 1971.

#### 3 Claims.

A process for preparing an agricultural composition for the treatment of soil which comprises mixing in any order or sequence an active ingredient having the formula I shown in the drawings wherein R represents a lower alkyl group having upto 5 carbon atoms and a compounds having the formula II wherein M represents hydrogen atom or a metal atom capable of forming a salt and agriculturally acceptable carrier, the total concentration of compounds of formula I and formula II being between 0.1 and 95% by weight, preferably between 0.5 and 70% by weight of the total mix.

CLASS 187-E-4.

131517.

LOCKING DEVICE FOR A TELEPHONE.

ATUL AMRITLAL SHAH, AT PATEL & SHAH BUILDINGS, OPPOSITE NAGARI EYE HOSPITAL, ELLISBRIDGE, AHMEDABAD-6, (GUJARAT STATE), INDIA.

Application No. 131517 filed May 28, 1971.

#### 6 Claims.

A locking device for a telephone consisting principally or; (a) a first lever mechanism actuated by the dial each time it is rotated and which in turn causes an associated

spring loaded toothed wheel having predetermined number of teeth depending upon the digits assignesd to a local call to advance by a specified number of teeth and to reach a stop by the time all the digits of the local call or at least one digit less than the number of digits required for a direct dialling trunk call have been dialled thereby preventing further rotation of the dial; (b) a second lever mechanism which prevents the said wheel to return to its original position when the same was advanced once by the said first lever mechanism; (c) a third lever mechanism for unlocking the said first and second mechanisms when the receiver is replaced on the phone thus permitting the said wheel to return to its original position due to the force of its own spring, thus the wheel being ready for the next dialling; and (d) a lock openable selectively by a key which in its open position by a tong thereof causes the said second lever mechanism not to prevent the return of the said wheel to its original position.

CLASS 32-A.

132031.

PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FAST DYEINGS OR PRINTINGS ON FIBROUS MATERIALS CONTAINING CELLULOSE.

FARBWERKE HOECHST AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT VORMALS MEISTER LUCIUS & BRUNING, OF 45, BRUNINGSTRASSE, FRANKFURT/MAIN, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY,

Application No. 132031 filed July 8, 1971.

#### 7 Claims.

Process for the manufacture of fast dycings or prints on fibrous materials containing cellulose which comprises applying metal-containing reactive dyestuffs of the general formula I of the accompanying drawings in which M represents a cobalt or chromium atom, R represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro, an acetylamino, an amino or a lower alkyl, or alkoxy group containing from 1 to 4 carbons atoms, R' represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl radical containing from 1 to 4 carbon atoms. R" represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl radical containing from 1 to 4 carbon atoms or a phenyl radical which may be substituted by chlorine or bromine atoms, by hydroxyl groups, sulfonic acid groups, carboxylic acid groups, alkyl groups containing from 1 to 4 carbon atoms and/or methoxy or ethoxy group and n is zero or the integer 1 and X represents the vonyl radical or the rest of the formula-CH<sub>9</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-Y, in which Y is a halogen atom, a sulfuric acid ester, thiosulfuric acid ester, phosphoric acid ester, dimethyl or diethylamino group, wherein the grouping-NR' R" stands in the 2-or 3- position of the naphthol components on the said fibrous materials and fixing them by means of alkaline agents or by the action of heat at tempeatures up to 200°C.

CLASS 103.

132103.

VAPOUR CORROSION INHIBITOR OIL.

CHIEF SCIENTIST, RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-MENT ORGANISATION, MINISTRY OF DEFENCE, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, NEW DELHI (INDIA). Application N.o. 132103, filed July 13, 1971.

# 5 Claims

Vapour corrosion inhibiting oil comprising a mineral oil fortified with a polar corrosion inhibitor such as petroleum sulfonates of barium, calcium and strontium organic phosphates and ammonium compounds of naphthenates/oleates.

CLASS 90-1, 146-D-1.

132245.

COMPOSITION FOR PREVENTING MISTING AND/OR FOGGING OF GLASS SURFACES.

CHIEF SCIENTIST, RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-MENT ORGANISATION, MINISTRY OF DEFENCE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, NEW DELHI, INDIA.

Application No. 132245 filed July 26, 1971.

#### 3 Claims-No drawings

A composition for preventing the misting and/or fogging of glass surfaces in ambient temperatures down to about minus 30°C comprising an aqueous solution of polyhydric alcohol having dissolved therein a non-ionic detergent, silicate and polyphosphate boosters, a freely water soluble disaccharide chlorides of second group metals, a chelating agent and a soluble cellulose derivative.

CLASS 151-C, 151-E.

132313.

IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO ARTICLES HAVING A REINFORCEMENT STRUCTURE.

DUNLOP HOLDINGS LIMITED, OF DUNLOP HOUSE, RYDER STREET, ST. JAMES'S, LONDON S.W. 1., ENGLAND.

Application No. 132313 filed July 31, 1971.

#### 18 Claims

A reinforced flexible article such as herein described a reinforcing layer formed from at least one reinforcing strip each reinforcing strip comprising a plurality of longitudinally extending reinforcing fillaments affixed to a carrier strip formed from a membrane of polymeric material.

CLASS 113-D, 28-A.G.

132380.

IMPROVEMENTS IN INCANDESCENT KEROSINE OIL LAMP.

ASIM KUMAR GOSWAMI A.C.S.P.O. MOHAN-BARI AIRPORT, DIBRUGARH, ASSAM, INDIA.

Application No. 132380 filed August 5, 1971.

Addition to No. 102988.

#### 5 Claims

An improvement in or modification of an incandescent Kerosine Oil Lamp according to Indian Patent Specification No. 102988, comprising an annular fuel tank and a burner assembly, the said assembly comprising a perforated inner cylinder fitted to the annular opening of the fuel tank, two equally larger diameter perforated outer cylinders of substantially shorter length than the said inner cylinder, wherein the said outer perforated cylinders—one to be fitted coaxially at the top and the other at the bottom of the said inner perforated cylinder and the inner perforated cylinder is provided with a cylindrical wick, the said wick being connected to the fuel tank and having means to vertically slide it, the said top outer perforated cylinder and the inner perforated cylinder heading provided with air-gap in between them and the inner perforated cylinder characterised in that the said burner assembly is provided with a "frustum of a cone" shaped top outer perforated cover inlieu of cylindrical shape and as such the symmetrically fixed spacer rings on the inner perforated cylinder as disclosed in the original patent are not necessary.

CLASS 32-A-1.

133137.

PROCESS FOR PREPARING WATER-SOLUBLE MONOAZO DYESTUFFS.

FARBWERKE HOECHST AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT VORMALS MEISTER LUCIUS & BRUNING, OF 45, BRUNINGSTRASSE, FRANKFURT/MAIN, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY.

Application No. 133137 filed October 6, 1971.

#### 14 Claims

Process for preparing water-soluble monoazo dyestuffs which in the form of the free acid correspond to

the general formula (1) of the accompanying drawings, in which D represents the phenyl or naphthyl group of a diazo component, R<sub>1</sub> represents the phenyl group, R<sub>2</sub> represents a phenyl or naphthyl group, X represents a CH<sub>2</sub>-or-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-group and Y represents a group of the formula (2) or (3) in which Z stands for an inorganic or organic radical which can be split off with the aid of alkaline agents or for the hydroxyl group, and n stands for the number 0 or 1, p and p<sub>1</sub> stand for the numbers 0, 1 or 2, m and m<sub>1</sub> stand for the numbers 0, 1 or 2 and the sum of (p+p<sub>1</sub>) being equal to 1 or 2 and the sum of (m+m<sub>1</sub>) being equal to 1, 2 or 3, wherein diazotized aromatic amines of the series of benzene or naphthalene are coupled with coupling components of the formula (4) in which R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> and n, p<sub>1</sub> and m<sub>1</sub>, X and Y have the meanings given above selecting the components in such a manner that the monoazo dyestuff contains 1 to 3 sulfonic acid groups and 1 or 2 groups of the formula (5) in which X, Y and n have the meanings given above, and the dyestuffs so obtained, if Z represents in them the hydroxyl group, are converted, if desired, by means of sulfating or phosphorylating agents such as sulfuric acid, sulfur troxide, phosphoric acid, pyrophosphoric acid, metaphosphoric acid, polyphosphoric acid, phosphoric acid or mixtures of phosphoric acid and phosphorus (V)-oxide, or phosphor-oxy chloride, into the corresponding sulfuric acid esters or phosphric acid esters.

CLASS 24-Dt, E.

133226.

A FLUID PRESSURE BRAKE EQUIPMENT.

WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKE COMPANY, LOCATED AT PITTSBURG, STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Application No. 133226 filed October 14, 1971.

#### 16 Claims

A fluid pressure brake equipment for a vehicle having a sprung part and an unsprung part, comprising in combination (a) a brake pipe normally charged with fluid under pressure, (b) a reservoir normally charged to the pressure in said brake pipe, (c) braking means for effecting a brake application, (d) a fluid pressure responsive brake control valve operative in response to variations in the pressure in said brake pipe to control the supply of fluid under pressure from said reservoir to said braking means to cause a brake application, (e) a differential abutment means, (f) valve means operable by said differential abutment means in response to the establishment of a first differential fluid pressure force acting in one direction on said abutment means to open a communication through which said brake control valve effects the supply of fluid under pressure from said reservoir to said braking means, and operable in response to the establishment of a second differential fluid pressure force in excess of said first differential fluid pressure force and acting in an opposite direction on said abutment means to close said communication, (g) one-way valve means operable to control flow of fluid under pressure from said braking means to said brake control valve, (h) stop means carrier by the unsprung part of the vehicle, and (i) loadsensing means including a lever having one end pivotally mounted on the sprung part of the vehicle and the other end rockable into abutting contact with said stop means, to provide, only while the vehicle is loaded, a first posi-tion of said load-sensing means in which said first differential fluid pressure force is established on said abutment means, and to provide, only while the vehicle is empty, a second position of said load-sensing means in which said second differential fluid pressure force is established on said butment means.

CLASS 116-A, D and H.

133294.

AN IMPROVED BEAM RAISING DEVICE,

RIPON BERRY, D-160, NEW RAJINDER NAGAR, NEW DELHI-60, INDIA.

Application No. 133294 filed October 21, 1971.

#### 3 Claims

A beam raising device characterized in that it consists of a púlley mounted on a mast of tubular or lattice construction detachably fixed to a base wherein the said mast is provided with an eye for anchoring the traction machine and a gripping device for pripping the wire rope and the beam in the lifted position, the said wire rope after passing over the said pulley is connected to the beam for being lifted initially when the traction machine is operated.

CLASS 205-C

133413

IMPROVEMENTS IN THE MANUFACTURE AND CONSTRUCTION OF WHEELS.

DUNLOP INDIA LIMITED, OF 57-B, MIRZA GHALIB STREET, CALCUTTA-16, WEST BENGAL, INDIA,

Application No. 133413 filed October 29, 1971.

#### 11Claims

An improved wheel particularly for animal drawn vehicles which comprises a circular central disc member of pressed metal sheet having a predetermined area around its periphery pressed to the shape of one half of the profile of the desired rim and an annular member of metal pressed to the shape of the other or complementary half of the profile of the desired rim, the annular member being placed in contact with the disc member and secured thereto in such a manner that the two complementary half profiles of the rim combine to form a complete rim.

CLASS 120-C4.

134646.

LUBRICATING DEVICE FOR TEXTILE SPINNING AND TWISTING RINGS.

MASCHINEFABRIK RIETER A.G., OF WINTER-THUR, SWITZERLAND.

Application No. 134646 filed February 17, 1972.

Convention date August 24, 1971 (39593/71) U.K.

# 7 Claims

A lubricating device for textile spinning and twisting rings to which rings the lubricant is supplied by wicks from a supply reservoir, provided with an absorbing body, wherein a lubricant reserve reservoir, is provided for supplying the absorbing body in the supply reservoir with lubricant, the reserve reservoir being so arranged that the maximum lubricant level in the reserve reservoir is lower than the bottom of the supply reservoir containing the absorbing body.

CLASS 32-B, 56-E.

134871

#### BUTADIENE RECOVERY PROCESS

SHELL INTERNATIONALE RESEARCH MAAT-SCHAPPIJ N.V., OF 30, CAREL VAN BYLANDT-LAAN, THE HAGUE, THE NETHERLANDS,

Application No. 134871, filed March 8, 1972.

# 16 Claims

A process for the recovery of butadiene from mixture thereof with other C<sub>4</sub>-hydrocarbons by means of extractive distillation in the presence of a polar solvent and subsequent solvent stripping, characterized in that a fat solvent recovered from the extractive distillation zone is introduced, optionally after partial deplation, into a first stripping zone operated at a lower pressure than the

extractive distillation zone, a butadiene-enriched vapour stream is recovered from said stripping zone, a portion of said vapour stream after compression is returned to the extractive distillation zone, another portion of said vapour stream after compression is introduced into a second stripping zone and butadiene is recovered from the said second stripping zone.

CLASS 32-F-2-b, 32-F-1.

135372

IMPROVED PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF PIPERIDINE-SPIRO-HYDANTOIN DERIVATIVES.

SANKYO COMPANY LIMITED, OF 1-6, 3 CHOME, NIHONBASHI HONCHO, CHUO KU; TOKYO, JAPAN.

Application No. 690/1972 filed June 27, 1972.

#### 5 Claims

A process for the preparation of a compound having the formula (I) of the accompanying drawings, wherein X is oxygen atom or sulfur atom; n is an integer of 1 through 4 inclusive; R represents, when n is 1, an alkyl group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group which may be substituted with halogen, an alkynyl group which may be substituted with phenyl, an aralkyl group which may be substituted with halogen, alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms or halomethyl, a hydroxyalkyl group, an alkoxyalkyl group, an alkenyloxyalkyl group, an aryloxyalkyl group, an alkylthioalkyl group, an acyloxyalkyl group, an epoxyalkyl group, an N-alkyl-substituted aminoalkyl group, an alkoxycarbozonylalkyl group, an aryloxycarbonylalkyl group, an aliphatic acyl group, an alkoxycarbonyl group, a phosphino group which is substituted with phenoxy or alkoxy, or a phosphinyl group which is substituted with phenoxy or alkoxy; when n is 2, an alkylene group of 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an alkenylene group of 4 to 18 carbon atoms, dialkylene ether group, an aralkylene group, a bis (acyloxyalkylene) group, or an alkylene-bis(oxycarbonylalkyl) group; when n is 3, an alkanetriyl group of 3 to 10 carbon atoms, a tris(acyloxyalkylene) group, an alkane-tris (oxvcarbonylalkyl) group, or a group of the formula

which p is an integer of 1 through 8 inclusive and p's may be the same or different; and when n is 4, a tetrakis (acyloxyalkylene) group or an aklanetetrakis (oxycarbonylalkyl) group; and R<sub>1</sub> represents hydrogen atom, an alkyl group of 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group, an alkenoyl group which may be substituted with aryl, a hydroxyalkyl group, an alkoxyalkyl group, an acyloxyalkyl group, a cyanoalkyl group or nitroso group which comprises reacting a compound having the formula (ii) wherein R<sub>1</sub> and X are as defined above or an alkali metal salt thereof with a halide having the formula (iii) wherein n and R are as defined above and Z is a halogen atom.

CLASS 163-B-3.

135373

A ROTARY INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE. HEMANT PATEL. OF TARU MOTORS, ASHRAM ROAD NAVRANGPURA, AHEMDABAD-9, STATE OF GUJARAT, INDIA.

Application No. 406/1972 filed June 2, 1972.

Division to Application No. 130278 dated February 16, 1971.

## 7 Claims

A rotary internal combustion engine comprising a rotor body having three apexes equally spaced from each other and adapted to be rotated within a stationary housing comprising two end plates having therebetween an

inter connecting member, said rotor body mounted on a hollow shaft through an eccentric, a first port provided in said shaft and in flow communication with a lubricant pump, a second port provided in said shaft and in flow communication with a passage provided in said eccentric and whereby the lubricant flows into the hollow passages of the rotor body, an outlet provided in each of said end plates.

CLASS 201--C.

135374

PROCESS FOR REDUCING THE CONCENTRATION OF AN ORGANIC HALOGEN CONTAINING COMPOUND IN ACQUEOUS SOLUTION OR SUSPENSION

IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES LIMITED, OF IMPERIAL CHEMICAL HOUSE, MILLBANK, LONDON, S. W. 1., ENGLAND.

Application No. 296/1972 filed May 24, 1972. Convention date May 25, 1971 (16873/71) U.K.

#### 13 Claims

A process for reducing the concentration of an organic halogen-containing compound in an aqueous solution or suspension by contacting the solution or suspension with an organic polymer or co-polymer for a time sufficient to reduce the concentration of the halogen-containing compound to a predetermined level, the polymer or co-polymer including at least one compound selected from the group consisting of paraffin waxes, polyolefins, vinyl polymers, and halogenated derivatives thereof.

CLASS 32-E.

135375

IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO THE PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF ROOM TEMPERATURE VULCANIZING SILICONE ELATOMERS.

SPACE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CENTRE, OF ISRO POST, TRIVANDRUM-22, KERALA, INDIA.

Application No. 674/1972 filed June 26, 1972,

#### 4 Claims-No drawings.

A process for the preparation of an elastomer which consists in cross linking a polydimethyl siloxane  $\alpha$ ,  $\omega$ -diol with an ester of silicic acid in the presence of a catalyst and filler.

CLASS 32-F-2-(a), 62-X-2(a).

135376

PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF DERIVATIVES OF LINCOMYCIN.

THE UPJOHN COMPANY, 301 HENRIETTA STREET, KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Application No. 526/1972 filed June 13, 1972.

#### 5 Claims.

A process for making compounds of the formula I shown in the accompanying drawings, which comprises heating a compound of the formula II shown in the drawings, with a sulfide of the formula R<sub>2</sub>-S-R<sub>1</sub>-SR<sub>8</sub> in the presence of anhydrous lower alkanoic acid or arenoic acid of not more than 12 carbon atoms, AC and AC<sub>1</sub> being carboxacyl; Alk being alkyl of not more than 4 carbon atoms or 2-hydroxyethyl; R, being alkylene of 2 to not more than 18 carbon atoms; R<sub>2</sub> being a saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon radical of not more than 18 carbon atoms, an unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbon radical of atoms; than 10 carbon not more radical of hydrocarbon not aromatic atoms; or an oxacarbocyclic carbon 11 aromatic or thiacarbocyclic aromatic hydrocarbon radical of not more than 8 carbon atoms; and R<sub>8</sub> is carboxacyl or hydrogen when R<sub>1</sub> is a primary trimethylene group or a secondary lower trimethylene group containing not more than 8 carbon atoms and removing the carboxacyl groups by hydrazinolysis as herein described,

#### Printed Specification Published

A limited number of printed copies of the undernoted specifications are available for sale from the Officer-in-Charge, Government of India, Central Book Depot, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta, at two rupees per copy:—

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#### Amendment Proceedings Under Section 57

The amendments proposed by Veb Fahlfoerg—List Magdeburg Chemische und Pharmazeutische Fabriken, in respect of patent No. 121513 as advertised in Part III, Section 2 of the Gazette of India dated the 17th February 1973 have been allowed.

#### Registration of Assignments, Licences, Etc. (Patents)

Assignments, licences or other transactions affecting the interests of the original patentees have been registered in the following cases. The number of each case is followed by the names of the parties claiming interests—

122264 — M/s. Sun Research And Development Co.

85290 - M/s. Regina Glass Fibre Limited.

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63238 M/s. Pibco Limited.

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84247 112479 M/s. Captocaps Private Limited.

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# Patents Deemed to be Endorsed with the words "Licences of Right"

The following patents are deemed to have been endorsed with the words "Licences of right" under Section 87 of the Patents Act, 1970. The dates shown in the crescient brackets are the dates of the patents.

No. Title of the invention

- 102868 (23-12-64) Process for treating crude petroleum oil.
- 102883 (7-12-65) A process for producing liquid foodstuff,
- 102887 (7-12-65) N-secondary alkyl diamine compounds and their process of preparation.
- 102902 (8-12-65) Process for preparing dichlors anilides.
- 102941 (10-12-65) Process for extracting oil from vegetable material.
- 102943 (22-12-64) Process for preparing azines and the compounds so prepared.
- 103015 (15-12-65) Method of liquefying and regassifying natural gas or methane.
- 103021 (15-12-65) Complex metal dyestuffs processes for their manufacture and fibrous material dyed or printed by a process using said dyestuffs.
- 103022 (15-12-65) A method for the production of proteins by a continuous fermentation of hydrocarbons.
- 103028 (15-12-65) Fungicidal composition for controlling diseases of rice crops, especially rice blast and rice sheath blight, and method of carrying out said control.
- 103029 (15-12-65) A process for preparation of sodium metaphopshate admixed with sodium sulphate for water treatment.
- 103030 (15-12-65) A process for preparation of sodium polyphosphates from trisodium phosphate or disodium hydrogen phosphate.
- 103044 (15-12-65) A process for desalinating brackish water or sea water.
- 103051 (16-12-65) Process for the preparation of polyvinylaromatic compositions.
- 103052 (16-12-65) Method of agglomerating chromium ore containing serpentine.
- 103059 (16-12-65) A process for the bulk preparation of vinyl chloride polymers and copolymers in two stages.
- 103067 (17-12-65) Improvements in or relating to the electrolytic preparation of perchlorates.
- 103074 (17-12-65) A process for the preparation of ferrogenous materials.
- 103076 (17-12-65) A process for the production of new ureas and agents containing them.
- 103077 (17-12-65) Process for the production of a new formamidine.
- 103099 (20-12-65) Process and apparatus for the clarification treatment of solids-carrying liquids.
- 103101 (20-12-65) Process for the preparation of substituted 0-carbanyl hydroxamates, compounds obtained thereby and compositions comprising same.

No.

nitriles.

No.	<i>Fitle of the invention</i>	
703110 (12-1-65)	Method of pr	reparing unsaturated

- aldehydes and catalyst therefor.

  103111 (12-1-65) Method of preparing unsaturated
- 103112 (13-1-65) A method for preparing acrylonitrile.
- 103122 (30-9-65) A process for the production of thermoplastic moulding compositions.
- 103123 (21-12-65) Strong, hard rough-textured fertilizer granules, a process for their manufacture and apparatus therefor.
- 103125 (21-12-65) Water-soluble monouzo dyestuffs, process for their manufacture and process for dyeing or printing, polymers or copolymers of acrylonitrile.
- 103131 (22-12-65) Process for production of pure metal chlorides from oxide ores.
- 103136 (27-5-64) Method of preparing polyamides containing silane end groups.
- 103138 (22-12-65) A process for making thermoplastic compositions.
- 103153 (23-12-65) Self-foaming polyurethane resins and process for making the same.
- 103154 (23-12-65) A stabilized foam precursor composition and process of its production.
- 103163 (23-12-65) Process for the preparation of aqueous colloidal solutions of flucculating agents of the poly-acrylic amide type having high molecular weight.
- 103172 (24-12-65) Disazo pigments and process for their manufacture.
- 103174 (12-1-65) Catalyst and method of preparing unsaturated aldehydes and acids.
- 103175 (27-12-65) Oxidation of hydrocarbons to form alcohols.
- 103179 (8-10-65) A process for the preparation of cross-linked poylmers.
- 103191 (8-1-65) Process for the manufacture of watersoluble reactive azo dyestuffs suitable for colouring cellulose textile materials.
- 103192 (8-1-65) Process for the manufacture of watersoluble reactive azo dyestuffs suitable for colouring cellulose textile materials.
- 103193 (28-12-65) Pyrolysis of coal,
- 103197 (28-12-65) Process for the preparation of 4'-nitrodiphenyl-4carboxylic acid.
- 103201 (29-12-65) A method for the production of lead zirconate titanate.
- 103217 (30-12-65) Improvement in or relating to preparation of 3, 3'-bi-chloromethyl oxacyclobutene.
- 103220 (13-1-65) Methods of preparing oxygenated products from gaseous monoolefins and catalysts therefor.
- 103221 (30-12-65) Gas separation process.
- 103231 (28-10-65) Preparation of polyamides
- 103243 (31-12-65) Disperse dyes of the monoazo series and the process of their production,
- 103250 (1-1-66) Disperse dyes of the monoazo series, process for their production, and the materials dyed or printed therewith.
- 103265 (3-1-66) Process for the preparation of fluorinated glycidyl ethers, and/or their polymers

- compounds so obtained and substrates treat
  - compounds so obtained and substrates, treated thereby.

Title of the invention

- 103271 (3-1-66) Water-soluble phthalocyanine dyestuffs, process for preparing them, and material which has been dyed or printed by process using said dyestuffs.
- 103274 (3-1-66) Improved method of refining pig iron by oxygen top blowing process.
- 103279 (3-1-66) Process for the purification of lactides.
- 103283 (3-1-66) Carbon black process.
- 103285 (3-1-66) Process for vulcanizing caoutchoue and caoutchoue-like clastomers containing double bonds, with fillers.
- 103324 (15-5-63) A method for the preparation of copolymers.
- 103345 (8-1-65) Additive for lubricant and the process for making it.
- 103357 (10-1-66) Process for extracting the raw meat from the shell of the body section of the spiny lobster.
- 103385 (13-1-66) Process for preparing catalysts.
- 103400 (13-1-66) Improvements in the preparation of vinyl chloride polymers and copolymers.
- 103416 (14-1-66) A process for producing sponge iron.
- 103428 (8-11-65) Fungicidal products, their production and compositions containing them.
- 103444 (15-1-66) Process and apparatus for continuously producing a compound capable of being polycondensed or polymerized.
- 103445 (15-1-66) Improvements in process and apparatus for continuously polydondensing or polymerizing monomers,
- 103449 (15-1-66) Process and apparatus for the neutralization of acid solutions of caprolactam.
- 103454 (22-5-63) Pesticidal compositions containing benzothienyl carbamates.
- 103457 (17-1-66) Derivatives of 3-(difluorocyclobutyl)-acrylonitrile and process for preparing them.
- 103468 (17-1-66) Process and apparatus for the production of phosphoric acid by the wet method, starting with phosphate and sulphuric acid.
- 103478 (17-1-66) Basic dyestuffs, processes for their manufacture, process for dyeing or printing and materials dyed or printed therewith.
- 103483 (18-1-66) Basic azo dyestuffs and process for preparing them, and textile materials which have been dyed or printed by a process using said dyestuffs.
- 103484 (18-1-66) Zinc alloy and method of making same.
- 103499 (18-1-66) New disazo pigments, processes for their manufacture and organic materials pigmented therewith.
- 103500 (18-1-66) New anthraquinone dyestuffs, processes for their manufacture and materials dyed or printed therewith.
- 103534 (20-1-66) Improved process for the production of mixtures of several non-miscible liquids.
- 103555 (22-1-66) Manufacture of agar-agar from Indian sea-weeds.

		71050 73112 73130 73164 73177 73262 73302 7334
No.	Title of the invention	71959 72112 72129 72164 72177 72262 722 <b>98 7232</b> 4- 72341 72379 72409 72427 72428 72540 72698 72745
		73131 76349 76730 76799 76811 76878 76888 76938
103559	(22-1-66) A method for preparing sulphur from	76972 76968 77042 77050 77051 77064 77250 77404
100760	sulphur dioxide containing gases.	77408 77525 77568 77673 77735 78025 79514 79516
	(22-1-66) Pesticidal preparations.	79517 79518 79741 81817 82061 82062 82285 82395
103564	(22-1-66) Fatty composition, process for its preparation, and chocolate containing the	82448 82471 82479 82515 82525 82547 82550 82563
	same.	82584 82626 82642 82662 82685 82704 82759 82810
103573 (25-1-66) A process for preparation of carb	(25-1-66) A process for preparation of carbon	82834 82861 82935 82936 82977 82980 82981 82995
	black from carbon slurry produced during	83050 83059 83104 83322 83362 83390 83454 <b>835</b> 41 83733 84960 84961 87745 88098 88145 88221 88244
103580 (28-1-65) 2-(2, 6-dihalophenyl)-4		88264 88337 88346 88352 88404 88407 88429 88436.
	carboxymethylthiazole and alkylesters thereof	88459 88473 88544 88556 88579 88609 88612 <b>8863</b> 8 88733 88805 88844 89032 89043 89092 89147 89167
103581	(2-2-65) Azo dyes and a process for preparing	89202 89441 89584 89585 92348 92818 93900 93987
1000001	them.	93989 93991 94019 94048 94072 94088 94092 94169
103588	(25-1-66) Process for polymerizing conjugated	94228 94254 94265 94268 94290 94325 94380 94381
	dienes.	94382 94530 94592 94601 94616 94632 94669 94703
103597	(25-1-66) Herbicidal composition.	94706 94720 94723 94724 94725 94757 94784 94857
103631	(28-1-66) Process for the preparation of fertilizer compositions.	94888 94908 94936 95198 95330 95361 95744 <b>9574</b> 5 95954 95955 95956 95957 95958 98287 98991 <b>9934</b> 8:
103640	(28-1-66) Process for the manufacture of pulve-	99429 99430 99707 99746 99791 99823 99848 99877
	rulent ferromanganese.	99885 99917 100002 100039 100167 100208 100209
103641	(28-1-66) Pesticidal preparations containing benzoxazolonylureas.	100210 100215 100223 100235 100240 100241 100242 100243 100287 100288 100319 100345 100349 100577
103647 (29-1-66) Process for the pre- divided, insoluble mala	(29-1-66) Process for the preparation of finely	100657 100711 100712 100860 100861 100988 101195
	divided, insoluble malamineformaldehyde condensation products.	102820 102821 102822 102823 103050 104628 105374 105404 105415 105445 105461 105463 105471 105485
103676 (31-1-66) Process for the preparation phosphine-cuprous ion	(31-1-66) Process for the preparation of hydro-	105486 105487 105492 105505 105527 105528 105545
	carbon phosphine-cuprous iodide, and its use in the production of stabilized polyamides.	105554 105558 105566 105573 105581 105585 105597
	(31-1-66) Process for the chlorination of aceto-	105620 105635 105636 105659 105662 105663 105741
	phenones.	105753 105784 105795 105836 105940 105944 105952 105953 105982 106005 106013 106119 106132 106273
103687	(31-1-66) Non-sludging organic phosphate in- secticide-fuel oil compositions.	106483 107080 107506 108277 108452 109529 109880 110131 110459 110682 110743 110771 110780 110813
103688 (31-1-66) 0-methyl-5-methyl	3 (31-1-66) 0-methyl-5-methyl phosphoroamido-	110830 110887 110910 110914 110921 110999 111004
	thioates, process for their preparation and	111054 111090 111091 111104 111112 111120 111140
insecticidal compositions contain	insecticidal compositions containing the same.	111171 111185 111191 111205 111219 111229 111230
103690 (31-1-66) Whippable milk pro a process for its production	(31-1-66) Whippable milk product or cream and	111251 111319 111324 111354 111383 111410 111436
	a process for its production.	111488 111551 111593 111720 111739 111740 111727
103721 (2-2-66) A method of prepa	(2-2-66) A method of preparing a complex	111921 112051 112151 113029 113638 113639 114191
	compound of lysine hydroiodide and copper and the complex compound suitable for the	114852 115306 115787 115873 115890 115977 116017
	stabilization of polyamides.	116051 116096 116122 116127 116131 116140 116141
103729	5 (2-2-66) Process for preparing phosphoric acid.	116151 116156 116160 116211 116219 116221 116233
		116236 116242 116243 116245 116284 116308 116337
	3 (2-2-66) Catalytic hydrogenation of diolefins.	116343 116346 116356 116386 116392 116394 116407 116427 116451 116464 116481 116507 116512 116530
103736	6 (2-2-66) Improvements in or relating to the con-	116552 116581 116611 116766 116907 116908 116949
•	version or refining of hydrocarbons catalyst therefor and process for preparing the same.	116981 117006 117474 117602 117804 120466 121189
10975	7 (4-2-66) Process for oxidizing propylene.	121295 121308 121467 121500 121502 121594 121609
	,	121610 121613 121623 121645 121673 121674 121675
103771 (5-2-66) Process for the polymerization of cloolefins.		121689 121690 121698 121699 121717 121722 121723
103773 (5-2-66) Process for producing rials in bead form.	3 (5-2-66) Process for producing polymeric mate-	121746 121787 121790 121791 121813 121830 121881 121920 121921 121922 121940 121950 121952 121966
		121920 121921 121922 121940 121930 121932 121960 121967 121974 121980 121991 122059 122175 122251
103774 (5-2-66) A process for suspension potion of vinyl monomers.	4 (5-2-66) A process for suspension polymeriza-	122264 122322 122363 122429 122502 122989 123667
	tion of vinyl monomers.	124812 125213 125582 125984 126147 126213 126229
		126230 126295 126342 126346 126369 126394 126395
	Renewal Fees Paid	126396 126684 126697 126703 126807 126818 126821
63913	64302 64320 64423 65528 66935 67010 67316	126876 126974 127022 127023 127032 127053 127304
	CEOO CEOI CEOI CEOI CEOI CEOI CEOI COOI CEOI CE	127739 128119 128152 128603 129026 129211 129327

127739 128119 128152 128603 129026 129211 129327

130069 130197 130379 130881 131860 133533,

67721 67826 67846 67900 67913 67960 67993 68018

68044 68078 68079 68225 68552 68817 71952 71955

#### Cessation of Patents

#### Restoration Proceedings

(1)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 86352 granted to Pioneer Sports Works Private Limited for an invention relating to Presses for Rackets". The Patent ceased on the 4th February 1972 due to non-payment of renewal tees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2, dated the 13th January, 1973.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32 in duplicate with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, 214, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-17 on or before the 9th August, 1973 under Rule 60 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement in triplicate setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the triplicate of the notice.

3-97 GI/73

(2)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 102986 granted to Subramania Iyer Krisnna lyer for an invention relating to "new technique evolved for constructing houses". The patent ceased on the 26th September 1971 due to non-payment of renewal lees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2, dated the 16th December 1972.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32 in auphreate with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Onice, 214, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-17, on or before the 9th August 1973 under Rule 60 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement in triplicate setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filled with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(3)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 107298 granted to Bhupatrai Keshavial Doshi for an invention relating to "improvements in or relating to packing cases." The patent ceased on the 3rd October 1970 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2, dated the 14th April, 1973.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32 in duplicate with the Controller of Patents. The Patent Office, 214, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-17, on or before the 9th August 1973 under Rule 60 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement in triplicate setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filled with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(4

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 115714 granted to Virendra Singh Kamboj for an invention relating to "improved door bolt". The Patent ceased on the 3rd May, 1972 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2, dated the 28th April, 1973.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32 in duplicate with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, 214, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-17, on or before the 9th August 1973 under Rule 60 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement in triplicate setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the the seeks of the date of the notice.

(5)

Notice is hereby given that an application for restoration of Patent No. 112494 dated the 25th September 1967 made by Umapada Banerji on the 10th January 1973 and notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th February 1973 has been allowed and the said patent restored.

# Registration of Designs

The following designs have been registered. They are not open to inspection for a period of two years from the date of registration except as provided for in Section 50 of the Designs Act, 1911.

The date shown in each entry is the date of registration of the design included in the entry.

- Class 1. No. 140601. Union Carbide India Limited, an Indian Company, 1, Middleton Street, Calcutta-16, West Bengal, India, "Flashlight switch", January 22, 1973.
- Class 1. No. 140602. Union Carbide India Limited, an Indian Company, 1, Middleton Street, Calcutta-16, West Bengal, India, "Bottom cap for flashlight", January 22, 1973.
- Class 1. Nos. 140603 to 140605. Union Carbide India Limited, an Indian Company, 1, Middleton Street, Calcutta-16, West Bengal, India, "Lens ring for flashlight", January 22, 1973.
- Class 3. Nos. 140581, 140583 to 140587 and 140589, 140590. Kosmetika Private Limited, Sorab House, 524, Senapati Bapat Marg, Dadar, Bombay-28. DD, Maharashtra, Indian Company, "Toys", January 18, 1973.
- Class 3. No. 140611. Mohan Meakin Brewerles Limited, an Indian Company, Solan Brewery P.O.,

- Simla Hills, Himachal Pradesh, India, "Transistor", January 22, 1973.
- Class 3. Nos. 140639 and 140640. Adamali Abdulhusen Pardiwala, Indian National, 26-28 Shamseth Street (Chhipi Chawl), City of Bombay, State of Maharashtra, India, "Brush covers", February 1, 1973.
- Ciass 3. Nos. 140659 to 140661. Aurobrite (India)
  Private Ltd., 408, Himalaya House, Palton
  Road, Bombay-1, Maharashtra State, India,
  an Indian Company, "A button", February
  7, 1973.
- Class 3. Nos. 140675 to 140679. Bata Shoe Company Private Limited, a privated limited company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act and having its registered office at 30, Shakespeare Sarani in the town of Calcutta, West Bengal, "A sole for footwear", February 21, 1973.

Copyright Extended for a Second Period of Five Years Design No. 133520 Class—1. Design No. 133105 Class—3.

S. VEDARAMAN

Controller General of Patents, Designs and

Trade Marks.